## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF ALABAMA NORTHERN DIVISION

QUARTEZ T. THOMAS, #291 355,	
Plaintiff,	)
V.	) CIVIL ACTION NO. 2:16-CV-357-MHT ) [WO]
ROBIN YOUNG, C/O, et al.,	)
Defendants.	)
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QUARTEZ THOMAS, #291 355,	
Plaintiff,	)
V.	) CIVIL ACTION NO. 2:16-CV-888-MHT
ROBIN YOUNG, et al.,	[WO]
Defendants.	)

## RECOMMENDATION OF THE MAGISTRATE JUDGE

Plaintiff, a prison inmate, filed this complaint on May 18, 2016. On February 15, 2017, the court directed Defendants to file an answer and written report addressing Plaintiff's claims for relief. In compliance with the court's order, Defendants submitted an answer and written report on May 25, 2017, which contained relevant evidentiary materials refuting the allegations in the complaint. Doc. 40. Upon review of this report, the court issued an order directing Plaintiff to file a response to Defendants' answer and written report. Doc. 41. The order advised Plaintiff that his failure to respond to the report would be treated by the court "as an abandonment of the claims set forth in the complaint and as a failure to prosecute this action." *Id.* at 1. The order "specifically

cautioned [Plaintiff] that [his failure] to file a response in compliance with the directives of this order" would result in the dismissal of this civil action. *Id*.

The time allotted Plaintiff for filing a response in compliance with the court's May 25, 2017, order, as extended by orders entered June 28, 2017; August 1, 2017; and September 28, 2017 expir;ed on October 19, 2017. As of the present date, Plaintiff has failed to file a response in opposition to Defendant's written report. The court, therefore, concludes this case should be dismissed.

The court has reviewed the file to determine whether a drastic measure less than dismissal is appropriate. After such review, it concludes that dismissal is the proper course of action. Plaintiff is indigent. The imposition of monetary or other punitive sanctions against him would be ineffectual. Plaintiff's persistent inaction in the face of Defendants' report and evidentiary materials refuting the claims raised and, coupled with the generous amount of time afforded Plaintiff to file a response thereto, suggests he does not seek to proceed with this case. It, therefore, appears that any additional effort by this court to secure his compliance would be unavailing. Consequently, the court concludes Plaintiff's abandonment of his claims and his failure to comply with the orders of this court warrant dismissal. Moon v. Newsome, 863 F.2d 835, 837 (11th Cir. 1989) (As a general rule, where a litigant has been forewarned, dismissal for failure to obey a court order is not an abuse of discretion.); see also Tanner v. Neal, 232 Fed.Appx. 924 (11th Cir. 2007) (affirming sua sponte dismissal without prejudice of inmate's § 1983 action for failure to file an amendment to complaint in compliance with court's prior order directing amendment and warning of consequences for failure to comply). The authority of courts to impose sanctions for failure to prosecute or to obey an order is longstanding and is acknowledged, but not limited, by Rule 41(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. Link v. Wabash R.R. Co., 370 U.S. 626, 629–30 (1962).

This authority gives the courts power "to manage their own affairs so as to achieve the orderly and

expeditious disposition of cases." Id. at 630–31; Mingo v. Sugar Cane Growers Co-op of Fla., 864

F.2d 101, 102 (11th Cir. 1989) ("The sanctions imposed can range from a simple reprimand to an

order dismissing the action with or without prejudice.").

For the above stated reasons, it is the RECOMMENDATION of the Magistrate Judge that

this case be DISMISSED without prejudice.

It is further

ORDERED that on or before January 23, 2018, the parties may file any objection to this

Recommendation. Any objection filed must specifically identify the factual findings and legal

conclusions in the Magistrate Judge's Recommendation to which a party objects. Frivolous,

conclusive or general objections will not be considered by the District Court.

Failure to file written objections to the proposed findings and recommendations in the

Magistrate Judge's report shall bar a party from a de novo determination by the District Court of

factual findings and legal issues covered in the report and shall "waive the right to challenge on

appeal the district court's order based on unobjected-to factual and legal conclusions" except upon

grounds of plain error if necessary in the interests of justice. 11th Cir. R. 3-1; see Resolution Trust

Co. v. Hallmark Builders, Inc., 996 F.2d 1144, 1149 (11th Cir. 1993); Henley v. Johnson, 885

F.2d 790, 794 (11th Cir. 1989).

DONE, on this the 9th day of January, 2018.

/s/ Susan Russ Walker

Susan Russ Walker

United States Magistrate Judge

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